

Advanced Land Observing Satellite (ALOS-3) Update

- Mission overview and current status -



WATARAI, Hidenori JAXA ALOS-3 Project Team



Mission Objectives of ALOS-3

ALOS-3 is an optical satellite for the successor to ALOS(2006-2011)

- ALOS-3 has capability of high GSD (0.8 m) and large field of view (> 70 km) simultaneously.
- ALOS-3 image data contributes to
 - Disaster monitoring and prevention
 - Maintenance and update of the high accuracy geospatial information.
- Incorporate the activities of private companies to meet the diverse social needs for high quality optical images.



Observation example of the Great East Japan Earthquake



提供 : 国土地理院 Geospatial Information Authority of Japan



isolated island





Specifications

Items		Specifications			
Orbit	Туре	Sun-synchronous sub-recurrent		ALOS-3 In-orbit configuration	
	Altitude	669 km at the equator			
	Local Sun Time	10:30 am +/- 15 minutes at the descent	ding node		
	Revisit	35 days (Sub-cycle 3 days)			
Mission Instrument		Wide-swath and high-resolution optical imager (WISH)			
Bands	Panchromatic (Pa)	0.8m GSD, 70km swath @ nadir , 0.52 – 0.76μm			
	Multi band (Mu)	3.2m GSD, 70km swath @ nadir Band1 0.40 – 0.45 μm, Band2 0.45 – 0.50μm, Band3 0.52 – 0.60μm Band4 0.61 – 0.69 μm, Band5 0.69 – 0.74μm , Bnad6 0.76 – 0.89μm			
Quantization		11 bit / pixel		Wide-swath and high-resolution	
Mission data rate		Approx. 4 Gbps (after onboard data compression: 1/4 (Pa) and 1/3 (Mu))		optical imager	
Mission data downlink		- Direct Transmission: Ka and X-band via. the Optical Data Relay Satellite		(WISH)	
Mass		Approx. 3 tons at launch			
Size		5 m × 16 m × 3.6 m on orbit			
Duty		10 min / path	Additions, changes and improvements		
Design life time		Over 7 years	Trom ALOS are snown in red.	J	



Observation Modes of ALOS-3



- **1** Strip-map observation
- 2 Stereoscopic observation
- **3** Point observation
- 4 Observation direction changing
- 5 Wide-area observation

Modes 3 to 5 are for emergency observation only.



Mode3





Roll and backward pitch pointing from the next path (3 days later = sub-cycle) to obtain stereoscopic images of the target area.



Example: the observation direction changing mode



Important information and project progress since the last PI meeting.

- The launch of ALOS-3 has been postponed to FY 2021 due to a change in the development plan for the H3 rocket, the launcher of ALOS-3.
- Post qualification test review (PQR) of Wide-swath and high-resolution optical Imager (WISH) has completed (July 2020).
- The PFT of all flight components/subsystems has completed, too. The PFT of ALOS-3 satellite system is now underway.
- As mentioned above, ALOS-3 is currently scheduled for launch in FY 2021.



↑ Proto flight model of
Wide-swath and high resolution optical
Imager (WISH).

Schedule after launch and "Basic Observation Plan"



Basic Observation Scenario

In normal times, ALOS-3 is dedicated to acquiring, maintaining, and updating the

"Base-map images"*.

*Definition of Base-map images : GSD < 1.0m, Cloud coverage < 20%

- □ Japan land area (including isolated islands) within 3 years after launch
- Global land area (without Polar region) within 5 years after launch





The proto-flight test of ALOS-3 satellite system is underway.ALOS-3 launch is postponed and scheduled to FY 2021.

